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HIGHER COMMERCIAL SALES ACCOUNTED FOR NEAR RECORD U.S. AGRICULTURAL EXPORTS IN CALENDAR YEAR 1965

by

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JUN 8 - 1967

Reprinted from
FOREIGN AGRICULTURAL TRADE
OF THE
UNITED STATES
July 1966

CURRENT SERIAL RECORDS

Trade Statistics and Analysis Branch Foreign Development and Trade Division Economic Research Service U.S. Department of Agriculture





SPECIAL in this issue

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U.S. agricultural exports totaled \$6,229 million in calendar year 1965, down 2 percent from the record \$6,348 million in 1964. Commercial sales for dollars rose to an alltime high of \$4,777 million, nearly \$200 million above the year-earlier record. Exports of feed grains and oilseeds and products accounted for most of the gain. Each of these commodity groups totaled more than \$1 billion in 1965. Exports of rice and fruits and preparations rose substantially from a year earlier. Partially offsetting decreases occurred in exports of wheat, cotton, tobacco, dairy products, and animals and products (except dairy). The continued rise in incomes in the industrialized countries of Western Europe and Japan has stimulated U.S. exports of agricultural commodities especially feed grains, soybeans, and protein meal. Abundant U.S. supplies at competitive prices and vigorous market promotion efforts also have contributed to the advance (tables 1 and 2).

Shipments under Government-financed programs, principally under P.L. 480 -- the Trade Assistance and Development Act of 1954, as amended -- fell 18 percent from the 1964 total, to \$1,452 million. Exports under Government-financed programs made up only 23 percent of total exports -- the smallest proportion since the beginning of the P.L 480 programs in 1954. The average for the 11-year period was 31 percent. The greatest decline was in shipments under Title I, sales for foreign currency. Donations under Titles II and III were smaller than a year earlier. Shipments under the barter program rose nearly one-half and long-term supply and dollar credit sales authorized by Title IV rose about one-fourth from those in 1964.

U.S. exports of wheat and flour declined \$348.3 million (133 million bushels) to \$1.184.1 million (720 million bushels) in 1965 from a year earlier. These exports fell 16 percent in volume and 23 percent in value due to a 15-centsper-bushel drop in the average export price of wheat and equivalent of flour. Exports were heavier in the latter half of the year because of a strong foreign

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Table 1 .--U.S. exports under specified Government-financed programs, exports outside specified Government-financed programs, and total agricultural exports: Value and percent of total, calendar years 1955 through 1965

Type of export	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1955 through 1965
						Million	on dollars	5				
Public Law 480: Title I, sales for foreign currency:	: 263	638	762	753	732	1,015	879	1,010	1,163	1,223	867	9.305
Title II, disaster relief	: 121	102	71	78	99	79	195	143	174	116	76	1,235
Title III, donations		186	166	159	107	122	155	178	169	186	160	1/1,776
Title III, barter	: 262	372	244	9	175	117	181	137	74	123	182	$\overline{1}/1,932$
Title IV, long-term supply and dollar	••											
credit sales	i	1 1 1		1	-	1	1	42	51	66	123	316
Total Public Law 480	834	1,298	1,243	1,061	1,070	1,333	1,411	1,510	1,631	1,747	1,426	14,564
Mutual Security (AID), Secs. 402 and 550,												
aid 2/	351	677	318	214	158	157	179	3.5	11	23	26	1 921
Total exports under specified Government-										3	21	73757
financed programs	: 1,185	1,747	1,561	1,275	1,228	1,490	1,590	1,545	1,642	1.770	1.452	16,485
Total exports outside specified Government	,.											
financed programs 3/	: 2,014	2,423	2,945	2,580	2,727	3,342	3,434	3,489	3,942	4.578	4.777	36,251
Total agricultural exports	3,199	4,170	4,506	3,855	3,955	4,832	5,024	5,034	5,584	6,348	6,229	52,736
D.1112 T 100.						1	Percent					
Titolic Law 400;		-	17	0	10		1	ć		-	1	0
mil I sales lot loreign currency		CT	77	19	19	17	/ T	70	17	19	14	18
Title II, disaster relief	. 4	2	2	2	П	2	4	3	m	2	1	2
Title III, donations		2	4	7	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	m
Title III, barter	∞	6	2	2	7	2	7	3	1	2	3	4
Title IV, long-term supply and dollar	••											
credit sales		1	1	1 1	1	1	/4/	1	1	2	2	П
Total Public Law 480	26	31	28	27	27	28	28	30	29	28	23	28
Mutual Security (AID), Secs. 402 and 550,	••											
sales for foreign currency and economic	••											
aid	: 11	11	7	9	4	3	4	1	/ 4	/4/	/4	3
Total exports under specified Government-									1			
financed programs	37	42	35	33	31	31	32	31	29	28	23	31
Total exports outside specified Government -:	7											
financed programs	: 63	58	65	29	69	69	68	69	71	72	77	69
Total agricultural exports	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
1 7				1								
1/ The addition of \$22 million shipments		under the barter	rorgan	and	S20 million under the	under	the Title		donations program	orogram i	in July-D	July-December

1954 brings the total of shipments under the barter program and \$20 million under the Title III donations program in July-December 2/ Values shown are disbursements for exports.

2/ Values shown are disbursements for exports.

3/ Exports "outside specified Government programs" (2017)

ments of some commodities with Governmental assistance in the form of (1) extension of credit for relatively short periods, (2) sales of Government-owned commodities at less than domestic market prices, and (3) export payments in cash or in kind. 4/ Less than } percent.

2. -- Exports under specified Government-financed programs, commercial sales for dollars, and total agricultural agricultural exports: Value by commodity calendar year 1965 compared with 1964 Table

Commodity	: Exports unde: Government-financed	1 24 1	programs	Cc sales	for	cial dollars 1/	Total	l agricultural exports	ıral
	1964	1965	Change	1964	1965	Change	1964	1965	Change
	Mil	Million dollars	I S	Mi	Million dollars	ars	Mi	Million dollars	ars
Wheat and wheat flour	: 1,074.8	826.5	-248.3	457.6	357.6	-100.0	1,532.4	1,184.1	-348.3
Feed grains, excluding products	77.0	81.6	9.4+	778.7	1,052.6	+273.9	855.7	$\frac{2}{1}$, 134.2	+278.5
Rice, milled	73.2	72.1	-1.1	131.5	171.3	+39.8	204.7	243.4	+38.7
Cotton	: 162.1	114.6	-47.5	519.6	371.6	-148.0	681.7	486.2	-195.5
Tobacco, unmanufactured	42.7	62.3	+19.6	370.1	320.4	-49.7	412.8	382.7	-30.1
Oilseeds and products	128.1	142.7	+14.6	885.3	1,013.8	+128.5	3/1,013.4	1,156.5	+143.1
Dairy products	127.6	84.7	-42.9	137.7	111.3	-26.4	4/265.3	196.0	-69.3
Animals and products, except dairy	38.8	30.1	-8.7	578.0	563.6	-14.4	616.8	593.7	-23.1
Fruits and preparations	0.1	-	-0.1	278.5	313.1	+34.6	278.6	313.1	+34.5
Vegetables and preparations	6.4	2.4	-2.5	153.1	153.0	-0.1	158.0	155.4	-2.6
Other	40.2	34.9	-5.3	287.9	348.4	+60.5	328.1	383.3	+55.2
ura	1,769.5 1,451.9	1,451.9	317	6:4,578.0	4,776.7	+198.7	+198.7 : 6,347.5	6,228.6	-118.9

as follows: 1964, \$12.1 million. 4/ Total exports of dairy products include the estimated value of donations of butter and butteroil under Title III, P.L. 480, not separately reported by the Bureau of the Census prior to January 1, vegetable oils under Title III, P.L. 480, not separately reported by the Bureau of the Census prior to January 1, 1965, Ly exposes oursine coveriment-inanced programs. Z/ iotal exports of iced grains include the estimated value of donations of grain sorghums under Title III, P.L. 480, not separately reported by the Bureau of the Census, as fol- $\frac{3}{2}$ Total exports of oilseeds and products include the estimated value of donations of 1965, as follows: 1964, \$41.7 million. lows: 1965, \$0.1 million.

demand for U.S. wheat. Exports of wheat grain to Japan, the leading dollar market, totaled \$109.1 million, about the same as in 1964. Shipments of wheat grain to the European Economic Community (EEC) advanced to \$67.7 million from \$59.2 million in 1964. The USSR purchased 62 million bushels of wheat (\$110.4 million) in 1964, but in 1965, did not import wheat from the United States.

Most of the reduction in exports of wheat under Government programs took place in sales for foreign currencies under Title I. Shipments of wheat to Brazil in 1965 were only about 15 percent of the 1964 total. Exports to Pakistan, the United Arab Republic(Egypt), and Korea were lower than a year earlier. Exports to India totaled over 200 million bushels, substantially the same as in 1964. Exports of wheat and grain sorghums to India have been greatly accelerated in 1966.

Yugoslavia, a Title I recipient of U.S. agricultural exports since the beginning of that program through 1964, was the principal Title IV destination for wheat exports in 1965.

Exports of feed grains from the United States rose \$278.5 million to a record high of \$1,134.2 million in 1965. Sharp increases in exports of corn and grain sorghums accounted for the rise. The rapid advance in livestock production in Western Europe and Japan, smaller crops of coarse grains in Western Europe, and reduced exportable supplies of coarse grains in other exporting countries contributed to the increase.

Shipments of corn rose \$180.5 million to \$832.2 million in 1965. Exports to the EEC advanced to \$341.2 million from \$238.9 million a year earlier. Exports to the Netherlands totaled \$105.4 million; West Germany, \$55.8 million; and Italy, \$133.2 million. Exports to Japan, the largest single market, amounted to \$137.4 million, compared with \$89.3 million in 1964. Shipments to Spain rose to \$66.4 million from \$27.8 million.

Shipments of grain sorghums advanced over 70 percent to \$209.0 million in 1965, compared with \$121.9 million a year earlier. Japan was the leading market, purchasing \$70.1 million, nearly double the 1964 total. Shipments to the EEC amounted to \$86.5 million, up about \$25 million from 1964 shipments to the area. Leading destinations in the EEC were the Netherlands, which purchased \$46.6 million of U.S. grain sorghums; Belgium-Luxembourg, \$27.2 million; and West Germany, \$11.3 million.

Only 7 percent of the corn and about 10 percent of the grain sorghum exports took place under Government programs in 1965.

A rise in commercial sales for dollars accounted for the advance of about one-fifth in U.S. exports of milled rice in 1965 compared with 1964. There has been a spectacular rise in exports to Japan, the leading dollar market, from less than \$1 million in 1963 and prior years, to \$12.5 million in 1964 and \$50.8 million in 1965. Other leading commercial markets were Nansei and Nanpo Islands, the Republic of South Africa, Canada, Peru, the United Kingdom, West Germany, and Ghana.

Most of the Government-financed exports took place under Title I. Principal destinations were India, Viet-Nam, and the Philippines.

U.S. exports of cotton totaled \$486.2 million (3.8 million bales) in 1965 compared with \$681.7 million (5.2 million bales) in 1964. Larger exportable supplies in major exporting countries of the Free World, increased competition from man-made fibers, and the working down of stocks in major importing countries were factors contributing to the decline.

Three-quarters of the decrease was in commercial sales for dollars. Japan continued to be the major dollar market, purchasing \$122.5 million of U.S. cotton compared with \$132.3 million in 1964. Based on disbursements, \$75.6 million of the cotton exports to Japan were financed under credits authorized by the Export-Import Bank. An additional \$16.9 million of U.S. cotton was purchased under the CCC credit sales program. The cotton industry in Japan began operating under a 6-month restraint program on October 1, 1965, with the objective of bringing about a better balance between supply and demand. Later the industry decided to extend the curtailment program for an additional 9 months. U.S. cotton exports to the EEC totaled \$70.3 million compared with \$189.1 million in 1964 and shipments to the European Free Trade Association (EFTA) fell to \$38.8 million from \$65.6 million a year earlier.

A decline of \$47.5 million in cotton exports occurred in Government-financed programs mostly under Titles I and IV. Exports under the barter program under Title III, P.L. 480, and other legislation were higher than a year earlier. Major destinations for the \$54.9 million of U.S. cotton exported under Title I were Korea, India, the Congo (Leopoldville), and Viet-Nam. India, the Philippines, Colombia, China (Taiwan), Yugoslavia, and Korea were important recipients of cotton under the barter program. China (Taiwan) and Yugoslavia were principal destinations for cotton under Title IV.

U.S. exports of unmanufactured tobacco totaled \$382.7 million (468 million pounds) in 1965 compared with \$412.8 million (514 million pounds) a year earlier. All of the decline was in commercial sales for dollars. A substantial drop in exports to the United Kingdom was responsible for most of the decline in exports of flue-cured tobacco, which fell to \$298.5 million (351 million pounds) from \$325.4 million (396 million pounds) in 1964. Sweden, which imported substantial quantities of U.S. flue-cured and burley in 1964, took a much smaller quantity of flue-cured and no burley tobacco in 1965. Exports of tobacco to the EEC were about the same in 1965 as a year earlier. Shipments to Australia rose 40 percent from 1964.

The United Arab Republic (Egypt), Viet-Nam, and the Congo (Leopoldville) were the major recipients of tobacco under Title I. The United Kingdom, Japan, and West Germany -- among the leading dollar markets for U.S. tobacco -- also received substantial additional quantities under the barter program.

U.S. exports of oilseeds and products amounted to \$1,156.5 million in 1965, exceeding \$1 billion for the second time. Dollar exports made up nearly 90 percent of the total. Rising incomes, which resulted in increased demand for

livestock products in the leading industrialized countries in turn have stimulated the demand for U.S. feed, including grains, soybeans for crushing, and oilcake and meal.

Exports of soybeans in 1965 reached \$650.1 million compared with \$566.9 million in 1964. Japan was the leading market for U.S. soybeans, purchasing \$153.0 million, nearly one-fourth of the total. Exports to Canada, including an undetermined amount of transshipments through ports on the St. Lawrence Seaway, amounted to \$91.6 million. Shipments to the EEC totaled \$226.3 million, 6 percent higher than a year earlier. Leading EEC markets were the Netherlands, which purchased \$81.9 million; West Germany, \$75.6 million; Italy, \$42.9 million; and Belgium-Luxembourg, \$19.3 million.

A smaller volume of cottonseed and soybean oils was exported in 1965 than a year earlier, but price increases resulted in a rise in value to \$240.6 million from \$220.6 million (including the estimated value of donations under Title III not separately reported by the Bureau of the Census in 1964). Shipments of oilcake and meal totaled \$186.7 million in 1965 compared with \$144.5 million in 1964.

Shipments to India and Pakistan accounted for a large part of the vegetable oils exported under Title I. Shipments to Latin America made up about half the vegetable oil exports under the barter program, including substantial quantities of soybean oil to Argentina and cottonseed oil to Mexico. Morocco received vegetable oils under Title I and the barter program. Yugoslavia was the major recipient of soybean oil under Title IV.

U.S. exports of <u>dairy products</u> totaled \$196.0 million in 1965 compared with the 1964 total of \$265.3 (including the estimated value of donations under Title III, P.L. 480, not separately reported by the Bureau of the Census in 1964). Three-fifths of the \$69.1 million drop in value was in exports under Government programs.

Sharp reductions took place in shipments of butter both in commercial and Government program exports. Demand for U.S. butter in Western Europe was reduced due to the recovery of milk production in that area from the low levels of 1963 and 1964. Exports of anhydrous milkfat also fell sharply from 1964 with most of the decline in donations under Title III.

Exports of nonfat dry milk were reduced less sharply than butter and milkfat products. Smaller exportable supplies in the United States and increasing world production were responsible for the decline. The Netherlands, largest importer of U.S. nonfat dry milk in 1964, had larger stocks at the beginning of 1965. In addition, European production was rising. Government program exports of nonfat dry milk, principally donations under Title III, dropped less than commercial exports.

Viet-Nam was the principal recipient of dairy products under Title I, mostly condensed milk. Donations under Titles II and III, which had consisted of a

large volume of butter, butteroil, and nonfat dry milk in 1964, were limited almost entirely to nonfat dry milk in 1965.

U.S. exports of animals and products (except dairy products) fell \$23.1 million to \$593.7 million from a year earlier. Exports of lard fell to 251 million pounds from 682 million pounds in 1964. Higher U.S. prices and larger supplies in Western Europe contributed to the decline. U.S. exports of inedible tallow declined to 1,998 million pounds from 2,111 million a year earlier. Price increases, however, resulted in a value increase of nearly \$25 million.

U.S. exports of meats and products fell to 346 million pounds in 1965 from 448 million in 1964. Exports of pork fell to 48 million pounds from 133 million a year earlier partly because of smaller exportable U.S. supplies during 1965. Reduced production in Western Europe had stimulated 1964 exports to levels above most recent years.

The decline in U.S. exports of fresh and frozen chickens was partially offset by a rise in shipments of fresh and frozen turkeys.

Exports of U.S. hides and skins rose \$15.8 million to \$108.5 million in 1965. Exports to Japan totaled \$29.1 million. Shipments to the EEC amounted to \$31.6 million, including \$13.9 million to the Netherlands and \$11.0 million to West Germany. Exports to Mexico have risen from \$3.7 million in 1963 to \$7.7 million in 1964 and \$9.2 million in 1965. The USSR purchased \$6.2 million of U.S. hides and skips.in 1965.

A substantially smaller quantity of tallow was exported under Government programs than in the previous year, as well as less beef and poultry. No lard was shipped under programs in 1965.

U.S. exports of <u>fruits</u> and <u>preparations</u> rose \$34.5 million to \$313.1 million in 1965 from the previous year. Most of the gain was in shipments of fresh fruits which were nearly \$20 million higher. Exports of most major fresh fruits rose. Oranges were \$6 million above the 1964 total. Exports of canned fruits gained over \$7 million and dried fruits, over \$8 million. The quantity of fruit juices was higher but lower prices for orange juice resulted in a small decline in value. Most of the increase occurred in July-December as a result of increased production of many items.

U.S. exports of <u>vegetables</u> and <u>preparations</u> totaled \$155.4 million in 1965, only slightly below the 1964 total of \$158.0 million. Most of the small decline was in shipments of dry edible beans under Government programs. Shipments of canned vegetables were little changed from the previous year. Exports of dried peas and fresh vegetables were higher than a year earlier.

Exports under credit sales programs.--Disbursements under Export-Import Bank credits and purchases under the CCC credit sales program totaled \$196.4 million in calendar year 1965, up \$31.4 million from the 1964 total. Nearly all of the increase was in CCC credit purchases of wheat, corn, and grain sorghums (table 3). Credit sales are a part of exports outside Government-financed programs --

Table 3.--U.S. credit sales of agricultural commodities: Value by commodity, calendar year 1965 1/

Commodity	: Export-Import : : Bank loans : :and medium term: : guarantees 2/:	sales <u>3</u> / :	Total credit sales
	: <u>M</u>	illion dollars	
Wheat		23.0	23.0
Corn		54.9	54.9
Grain sorghums		17.9	17.9
Barley		1.2	1.2
Rice, milled		0.4	0.4
Cotton	76.9	20.8	97.7
Tobacco		0.2	0.2
Tallow	1.1		1.1
Total	78.0	118.4	196.4

^{1/} Credits for relatively short periods repayable in dollars plus interest (covering the financing costs of the lending agency).

^{2/} Includes disbursements by U.S. commercial banks under Export-Import Bank medium-term guarantees against political and/or financial risk.

^{3/} Purchases during the period.

dollar sales -- in tables 1, 2, 6, 7, and 8 of this report, but are shown separately in tables 3 and 4.

Purchases of corn under the CCC credit sales program rose \$25 million to \$54.9 million in 1965. Purchases for export to Japan and Italy made up nearly three-fifths of the total. Other important destinations included Spain, the Netherlands, Greece, the United Kingdom, and Belgium.

Purchases of wheat totaled \$23.0 million, nearly four-fifths higher than 1964. Wheat was exported to 14 countries under the CCC credit sales program during the year. Lebanon, India, Haiti, the United Arab Republic (Egypt), and Chile were the principal countries of destination.

Shipments of cotton under this program totaled \$20.8 million, about three-fifths of the 1964 total. Eight countries received cotton under this program with four-fifths of the cotton going to Japan.

Credit purchases of grain sorghums rose \$8.9 million to \$17.9 million in 1965. Purchases for export to Japan totaled \$16.8 million.

Nearly three-fifths of the CCC credit purchases were for export to Asia, primarily to Japan. Lebanon and India were also important destinations in this area. Purchases for export to Europe made up over a third of the total. Principal countries of destination included Italy, the Netherlands, Spain, and Greece (table 4).

Disbursements under credits authorized by the Export-Import Bank totaled \$78.0 million, only \$0.9 million higher than a year earlier. Most of the disbursements were for cotton exports to Japan. Disbursements for tallow were for shipment to Poland.

Exports under Government-financed Programs

Exports under Government-financed programs totaled \$1,452 million compared with \$1,770 million in 1964. Exports under P.L. 480 amounted to \$1,426 million and shipments under AID programs totaled \$26 million. P.L. 480 shipments were the lowest since 1961. Most of the decline was in exports under Title I, which amounted to \$866.4 million compared with \$1,223 million in 1964. Donations under Title II fell more than \$20 million and Title III foreign donations more than \$25 million from a year earlier. Exports under the barter program rose nearly \$60 million and shipments under Title IV were up almost \$25 million from 1964 (tables 6 and 7).

Shipments under <u>Title I, sales for foreign currency</u> fell more than \$350 million from the 1964 total to \$866.4 million in 1965. The most substantial reductions took place in shipments of wheat and flour, corn, barley, cotton, tallow, and vegetable oils. Shipments of grain sorghums were higher than a year earlier.

The major reductions by country in Title I shipments took place to the United Arab Republic (Egypt), Brazil, and Poland. Reductions were over \$100 million, \$90 million, and \$57 million, respectively, from the year-earlier totals.

Table 4.--U.S. credit sales of agricultural commodities: Value by country, calendar year 1965 1/

•			
	: Export-Import :		•
	: Bank loans :	CCC credit	: Total
Country	:and medium-term:	sales 3/	: credit sales
	: guarantees 2/:		:
		housand doll	ars
Latin American Republics	:		
Chile	:	1,427	1,427
Ecuador	:	354	354
Haiti	:	2,955	2,955
Nicaragua	:	147	147
Total Latin American Republics		4,883	4,883
•			
Europe			
Austria	: 569		569
Belgium and Luxembourg		1,840	1,840
France		76	76
Greece		4,420	4,420
Italy		16,804	16,804
Netherlands		6,851	6,851
Ngrway		1,840	
Poland and Danzig		1,040	1,840
Portugal		475	1,469 475
Spain		6,016	6,016
United Kingdom		2,755	2,755
Total Europe	:2,038	41,077	43,115
Asia			
		000	002
Hong Kong		883	883
India		5,427	5,427
Japan		51,966	127,614
Korea, Republic of		40	40
Lebanon		9,576	9,576
Malaysia		104	104
Nansei and Nampo Islands, n.e.c		30	30
Philippines		1,004	1,236
Thailand		860	860
Total Asia	:75,880	69,890	145,770
	•		
Oceania	0		
Australia	:129		129
Total Oceania	129		129
Africa	0 0		
Cameron	:	34	34
UAR(Egypt)	:	2,476	2,476
Tunisia	:	79	79
Total Africa	:	2,589	2,589
Total	: 78,047	118,439	196,486
	•		

^{1/} Credits for relatively short periods repayable in dollars plus interest (covering the financing costs of the lending agency). 2/ Includes disbursements by U.S. commercial banks under Export-Import Bank medium-term guarantees against political and/or financial risk. 3/ Purchases during the period.

Smaller reductions were noted in exports under this program to Pakistan, India, Turkey, Korea, Iran, Greece, and China (Taiwan). Iran, Greece, and China (Taiwan) received substantial quantities of U.S. agricultural commodities under Title IV in 1965. Title I shipments to Viet-Nam were nearly \$25 million higher than a year earlier. Over \$16 million of Title I exports were destined for Morocco in 1965. Although exports to this country took place in calendar years 1962 and 1963, no shipments went to Morocco under this program in 1964. Shipments under the sales-for-foreign-currency program to Israel and Tunisia rose over \$11 million and nearly \$8 million, respectively, from 1964 (table 8).

Donations for disaster relief and economic development under Title II fell more than \$20 million to \$94.3 million from a year earlier. The reduction was spread over a number of commodities with the largest decrease in shipments of dairy products, which dropped over \$7 million from 1964. The principal recipients in Asia, which received over half of the Title II donations, included Korea, Pakistan, Afghanistan, Viet-Nam, and China (Taiwan). Shipments to Africa made up nearly one-fourth of the total and included substantial quantities to Tunisia, Morocco, and Algeria. About 12 percent of the total went to Latin America. Principal destinations in this area were Brazil, the Dominican Republic, Peru, and Chile. Donations through the United Nations Relief and Works Agency (UNRWA) for the relief of Palestine refugees amounted to \$8.6 million during the year.

Donations through U.S. voluntary relief agencies and international organizations under Title III amounted to \$159.6 million in 1965 compared with \$186 million in 1964. The most substantial reductions were in shipments of dairy products: Anhydrous milkfat, butter, and cheese. Donations of nonfat dry milk were reduced moderately from 1964, but this program was maintained without serious interruption in spite of the tighter supply situation in the United States. Donations of wheat and wheat cereal foods were lower, but shipments of vegetable oils rose from the year-earlier total.

More than one-fourth of the total went to Latin America, about one-fifth to Europe, another fifth to Africa, and over one-third to Asia. The total shown by country in table 8 is slightly higher than the commodity total reported in table 6, due to revisions in the data after the preparation of commodity totals.

Shipments under the barter program authorized by Title III, P.L. 480, and other legislation rose nearly \$60 million in 1965 to \$182.3 million. Major increases took place in shipments of tobacco, vegetable oils, cotton, and corn. Exports of dairy products were reduced. This rise in barter shipments, resulting from emphasis on barter procurement abroad for other U.S. agencies, has had a favorable effect on the U.S. balance of payments situation since it saves dollars which otherwise would be used for overseas procurement.

Shipments to Latin America accounted for about three-tenths of total barter exports during the year. Another three-tenths went to Asia. Principal destinations in Latin America were Brazil, Colombia, Peru, Mexico, Chile, and Argentina. Important recipient countries in Asia included India, Israel, Japan, China (Taiwan), the Philippines, and Korea. Exports to Europe under the barter program were nearly one-fourth of the total and included substantial quantities

to the United Kingdom, Portugal, Yugoslavia, and West Germany. Shipments to Africa accounted for about 15 percent of total barter exports. Principal destinations in this area were Morocco, the United Arab Republic (Egypt), and the Canary Islands. Exports under the barter program to predominantly dollar markets are in addition to dollar sales of the commodities exported under the program.

Shipments under the <u>long-term</u> supply and dollar credit sales program, authorized <u>by Title IV, P.L. 480</u>, rose to \$123.2 million, the highest calendar year total since exports began under this program in the October-December quarter of 1961. Most of the nearly \$25 million rise from 1964 occurred in shipments of wheat and corn, partially offset by a decrease in cotton exports.

Yugoslavia, China (Taiwan), and Greece were the principal destinations for shipments under this program during the year. These 3 countries were formerly major purchasers of U.S. agricultural commodities under the provisions of Title I, P.L. 480.

Title IV agreements signed since the beginning of the program through December 31, 1965 with the governments of 23 countries totaled \$485 million at market value, excluding ocean transportation. Five additional private trade agreements were signed in calendar year 1965, totaling \$40 million at market value, excluding ocean transportation.

Area Review

U.S. exports of agricultural commodities to Europe in 1965, over 90 percent of which were commercial sales for dollars, totaled \$2,610.4 million, 5 percent less than a year earlier. Dollar exports were slightly less than the 1964 total. Exports to the EEC totaled \$1,476 million in 1965 compared with \$1,416 million the preceding year. Exports of feed grains to the EEC advanced nearly \$150 million. Shipments of wheat and flour, oilcake and meal, fruits and preparations, and hides and skins were higher. Shipments of cotton were about two-fifths and dairy products nearly three-fifths of the 1964 totals.

Shipments to EFTA fell \$65 million to \$655 million from 1964. U.S. exports of cotton, tobacco, animal fats and oils, and dairy products to this area declined significantly. Shipments of oilseeds, oilcake and meal, feed grains, and fruits and preparations were substantially higher.

Europe included 8 of the top 10 dollar markets in 1965, as well as 1 of the first 10 destinations for program shipments (table 5).

Asia continued to be second to Europe as a dollar market for U.S. farm products and the first area of destination for shipments under Government programs, taking over a fourth of commercial exports and more than three-fifths of program shipments in 1965. Program exports to the area were lower than in 1964, but exports for dollars rose \$236 million. U.S. agricultural exports to Japan, the major dollar market, rose to \$876 million in 1965 from \$720 million a year earlier. Asia included 6 of the leading 10 destinations for program shipments in 1965.

U.S. exports of farm products to <u>Canada</u> totaled \$620 million in 1965, including an estimated \$182 million of transshipments through Canadian ports on the St. Lawrence Seaway. The inclusion of the estimated transshipments ranked Canada

5 .-- Leading dollar markets for U.S. agricultural exports and principal countries of destination for Government-financed agricultural exports, calendar year 1965 Table

Country	Sales for dollars	: Gountry Govern	Government-financed exports
	Million dollars		Million dollars
Japan	998	India	094
Canada	1/620	: Pakistan	127
Netherlands	697	: Yugoslavia	98
West Germany	429	: UAR (Egypt)	80
United Kingdom	387	: Korea, South	77
Italy (Including Trieste):	263	: Viet-Nam, South	99
Belgium-Luxembourg	165	Brazil	94
Spain	149	: Israel	45
France	141	Mo. cco	2/43
Dermark	83	: Taiwan	0 %
includes the estimated value	value of U.S. exports	to Canada of grains and soybeans	for finishing the

loading at Canadian ports of vessels moving through the St. Lawrence Seaway, \$182 million.

grams exceed total agricultural exports as reported by the Bureau of the Census. Such apparent excesses 2/ Government-financed exports to Morocco as compiled from reports of exports under Government promay be due to lags in reporting or to differences in valuation procedures. second to Japan as a dollar market for U.S. agricultural products. By excluding transshipments, Canada was third following Japan and the Netherlands. Exports to Canada in 1965 were only about \$5 million higher than the 1964 total. The largest increase from 1964 was in shipments of U.S. fruits and vegetables and the most substantial decrease was in exports of cotton.

U.S. exports of agricultural commodities to Latin America fell \$94 million to \$510 million in 1965. Program exports declined \$105 million but exports for dollars gained \$11 million. Brazil ranked seventh as a destination for program exports. Program exports to Brazil totaled \$46 million in 1965 compared with \$141 million a year earlier. The decline took place in exports under Title I which amounted to \$13 million in 1965 compared with \$104 million in 1964. In April 1966, the first Title IV agreement with Brazil was signed by the Secretary of Agriculture. Mexico and Venezuela continued to be the leading dollar markets.

Exports of U.S. farm products to Africa in 1965 declined \$80 million from the year-earlier total to \$310 million. Program exports fell \$82 million but exports for dollars rose nearly \$2 million. A decline in exports under Government programs to the United Arab Republic (Egypt) was primarily responsible for the drop in program exports to the area. The United Arab Republic (Egypt), Morocco, Tunisia, Congo (Leopoldville), Guinea, the Sudan, and Kenya were principal destinations for program exports.

The Republic of South Africa, the United Arab Republic (Egypt), Nigeria, Liberia, and Ghana were the principal destinations for commercial exports for dollars.

Shipments of U.S. agricultural commodities to Oceania totaled \$52 million in 1965 compared with \$47 million a year earlier. Exports to Australia, New Zealand, and most other countries of the area were slightly higher than in 1964.

Table 6.--U.S. agricultural exports under specified Government-financed programs, exports outside specified Government-financed programs, and total agricultural exports: Value by commodity, Calendar year 1965

40 10	Title I : T	Public :Title II :	c Law 480 Title III		Title IV : Age	: P.L. 87-195:	: Total : Total : agricultural	Total gricultural	
Cormodity	Sales	ine	Foreign	LC:	l d		exports :	exports	Total
	>	ч У		Barter $\frac{2}{}$	dollar :Dev credit : sales :pro		d : nt : s :p	specified Government programs 4/	exports
				1	Million dollars	1			
Wheat	564.7	53.1	2.7	0.94	72.4	0.1	739.0	324.6	1,063.6
Wheat flour	32.5	15.3	38.4	0.2	1.0	0.1	87.5	32.9	120.4
Corn.	15.5	7.1	0.4	14.3	18.0	0.7	56.0	776.2	832.2
Grain sorghums	11.2	2.8	0.1	ທ ີ່	1.0	<u> </u> 2/	20.4	188.6	$\frac{6}{209.0}$
Barley	7.5	1 -	1 [1.5	1.2	1 1 1	5.2	/1.2	76.4
Uhast careal foods to be	1 1 1	1.1	11./	1 8	1 1	1 1 1	17.0	4.0	7.01
cooked		7/2.3	7/17.0	1	1	-	19.3	8/-0.4	18.9
	66.5			-	6.4	0.7	72.1	171.3	243.4
	54.9	-	!	48.3	6.6	1.5	114.6	371.6	
Tobacco, unmanufactured	19.4	-	1 1	38.8	2.8	1.3	62.3	320.4	382.7
Soybeans	-	1	-	-	-	1.4	1.4	648.7	650.1
· Cottonseed oil	11.2	1.8	8.9/6	10.6	1 1	1.1	31.5	4.4	75.9
	-	-	1 1		-	0.1	0.1	3.9	4.0
Soybean oil	51.0	3.7	9/27.3	17.2	7.9	2.5	109.6	55.1	164.7
Feeds and fodders, except						0 [0	o c	03
olicake and meal	1	1	1			0.1	0.1	0.10	
			1 1 1	-	1	1.0	15.9	3.9	19.8
Milk whole dried		1 1	-	1 1	-	0.1	2.3	5.9	
	2.2	5.1	51.4	0.1	1 1 1	5/	58.8	58.9	117.
Cheese	0.1	1	1 1 1	1 1	1 1	5/2	0.1	3.4	3.5
Butter	7.0	2/	-	2/	!	1.3	1.7	17.8	19.
Anhydrous milkfat	9.0	1.4	2.5	-		1 1	4.5	5.7	
Infants' and dietetic foods	1 1	1	1	1 1	1 1 1	1.4	1.4	9.7	11.1
Beef and veal, fresh or								C	L
frozen	3.4	1 1 1	1	1 1	"	1 1	7.7	4.70	00.00
:	/√	1 1	1	1	0.1	1 0	1.0	0.70	. 70
Lard			1	1	1 ~	0 0		1500	-
Tallow, edible and inedible	12.3	!	1	1	0.4	000	7.77	105.9	1.9.1
Hides and skins	1 1 1	1	1	1 1	1	2 1	2 1	7 0 1	
Cattle	1 1 1 1	1	1 1	1	1	0.0	0.0	77.3	11.1
Seeds	1		1 1	1 1	1	1.0	J .	4.72	0.00
Beans, dry edible		9.0	1.3		1 1	0.4	7.3	20.9	7.67
Peas and lentils, dry						L			7 71
edible		1			1 1	/ار[\r] \	7 7008 7	1 099 8
Other agricultural commodities:				001	1 0	T 70	1 / 61 0	276	4
Total agricultural exports:	866.4	94.3	159.6	182.3	123.2	7.07	1,431.7	4,770.7	0,5=0.0

Table 7.--U.S. agricultural exports under specified Government-financed programs, exports outside specified Government-financed programs, and total agricultural exports: Quantity by commodity, calendar year 1965

	••	١,	1	Public Law 480		- 1	10	Total :	Total	
	••	Title I	Title II	Title	III	Title IV : Ag	:Agency for :a	gricultural:	:agricultural:agricultural:	
		,		•	₽.		Inter- :	exports:		Total
Commodity :Un	Unit:	for	Famine and other	Foreign :		рu	: national : :Development :	under : specified :	outside : specified :	:agricultural : exports
	•• ••	foreign : currency :	: emergency : relief		2/ ::	credit : sales :pr	: (A.I.D.) : programs <u>3</u> / :	Government: programs:	: Government : programs 4/ :	
					1	Thousand units	its			
Wheat (60 1b.)Bu.		339,419	14,847		28,489	44,429	41	428,930	221,444	650,374
Wheat flour	vt. :	9,087	3,523	တ်	99	286	00	21,741	8,700	30,441
Corn (56 1b.)		10,732	2,953	(*)	10,324	12,528	456	37,293	559,457	595,750
Grain sorghums (56 lb.):Bu.	1. :	9,113	1,293	86	4,393	883	11	15,779	156,653	5/172,432
Barley (48 1b.)	1. :	1,954		1	843	966	1 1	3,793	29,997	63,790
Corn mealCwt.	vt. :	1 1 1	313	3,131	1 1	1	;	3,494	524	4,018
Wheat cereal foods to be	••									
cookedLb.		: :	6/48,442	6/364,593	1 1 1	1 1	-	413,035	7/-79,692	333,343
Aice, milledCwt.	vt. :	11,871		1	1 1	643	101	12,915	21,162	34,077
Cotton, running baleBale	ale:	†0 [†]	1	-	381	83	10	878	2,917	3,795
Tobacco, unmanufacturedLb.		29,438		1 1 ,	54,775	2,931	1,726	88,870	379,205	468,075
Soybeans (50 1b.)Bu				1 1	-	1	414	414	227,246	227,660
Cottonseed oil		77,312	9,186	8/40,874	82,563	1	7,293	217,233	347,583	564,816
Linseed oilLb.			;		1 1	1	5/48	548	41,188	41,736
Sovbean oilLb.		388,358	21,990	8/153,495	133,449	72,994	15,226	795,512	424,006	1,219,518
Feeds and fodders, except :	••			ı	•	•				
oflcake and mealS.T	Τ.	1		1 1	* * *	1	16	/6	/6	/6
Milk, evaporated and :	••						l			
condensedLb.		67,852	1		1	!	703	68,555	21,944	667,06
Milk, whole driedLb.	ь.	3,996	-	-	f	-	22.5	4,221	15,816	20,037
Milk, nonfat dryLb.		17,231	29,672	387,053	381	!	16	434,353	428,721	863,074
CheeseLb.	ъ.	220	-	-	1	-	24	244	6,588	6,832
ButterLb.	ъ.	1,190	$\frac{10}{-1}$	-	10	!	2,110	3,309	42,657	42,966
Anhydrous milkfatLb.	٠.	1,238	1,554	5,881	-	!	1	8,673	7,158	15,831
Infants' and dietetic foods:Lb.	ь.	1		-	-	!	9,076	9,076	6,926	16,002
Beef and veal, fresh or :	••							1	1	0
frozenLb.	ь. 	11,772			!		1 1	11,772	154,326	166,098
Poultry, fresh or frozen:Lb.	ь.	88			-	198	-	286	180,469	180,755
LardLb.	b. :	-		-	1	1	3,845	3,845	247,027	250,872
	••	1				0		0	1000	,500
inedible		121,941	1	-	-	39,880	51,092	212,913	1,788,961	2,001,8/4
Hides and skinsNo.		-		-	-	-	422	422	18,559	18,981
Cattle					-	-	Н	-	53	54
SeedsCwt.	Wt. :	1		-	-	-	7	7	834	838
Beans, dry edibleCwt.	wt. :	!	1	191	1	-	31	193	2,617	2,810
lentils, dry	• •	(C		0	.00
edible : Cw	Cwt.	2	1		-	-	2	7	7,887	3,001

6 .-- U.S. agricultural exports under specified Government-financed programs, exports outside specified Government-financed programs, and total agricultural exports: Value by commodity, calendar year 1965

Foreign donations are authorized under Sec. 416 of the Agricultural Act of 1949 and Sec. 302, Title III, P.L. 480.

The barter program is authorized under the Charter Act of the Commodity Credit Corporation; Sec. 303, Title III, P.L. 480; and other

Includes expenditures under commodity (non-project) programs and economic development loans.

commercial transactions, shipments of some commodities with governmental assistance in the form of (1) extension of credit and credit guarantees for relatively short periods, (2) sales of Government-owned commodities at less than domestic market prices, and (3) export payments in "Total agricultural exports outside specified Government-financed programs" (sales for dollars) include, in addition to unassisted cash or in kind.

The value shown for total agricultural exports of grain sorghums includes the value reported by the Bureau of the Census plus the value 7/ Bulgur wheat \$1.0 million and rolled wheat \$0.1 million; nder Title II. Bulgur wheat \$12.9 million and rolled wheat \$4.1 million under Title III. 5/ Less than \$50,000. 6/ The value shown for total agricultural exports of grain sorghums includes the value reported by the Bureau of the Census plus the vashown as foreign donations under Title III. Relief shipments of this commodity were not separately reported by the Bureau of the Census.

The excess of the Government program portion over total agricultural exports may be attributed to lags in reporting or to differences

In classification or valuation procedures.

9/ Reported as soybean and cottonseed oil. Breakdown between the two oils is estimated.

10/ Include the following: Soap stock and fatty acids, \$124,988; other miscellaneous vegetable oils, \$117,213; confectioneries and other sugar products, \$17,041; vegetables, fresh, frozen, or canned, \$79,216; meat and meat products, \$165,082; miscellaneous edible vegetable products, \$188,836; essential oils \$40,486; baby chicks, \$60,021; fruits and juices, except dried, \$13,939; other fruits, vegetables, and nuts, \$264,637; hops, \$19,366; other miscellaneous grain products, \$266,687; total, \$1,357,512.

Table 7 .--U.S. agricultural exports under specified Sovernment-financed programs, exports outside specified Government-financed programs, and total agricultural exports: Quantity by commodity, calendar year 1965

480; and other Foreign donations are authorized under Sec. 416 of the Agricultural Act of 1949 and Sec. 302, Title III, P.L. 480.

The barter program is authorized under the Charter Act of the Commodity Credit Corporation: Sec. 303, Title III, P.L. legislation.

Includes expenditures under commodity (non-project) programs and economic development loans.

mercial transactions, shipments of some commodities with governmental assistance in the form of (1) extension of credit and credit guarantees for relatively short periods, (2) sales of Government-owned commodities at less than domestic market prices, and (3) export payments in cash "Total agricultural exports outside specified Government-financed programs" (sales for dollars) include, in addition to unassisted com-

5/ The quantity shown for total agricultural exports of grain sorghums includes the quantity reported by the Bureau of the Census plus the quantity shown as foreign donations under Title III. Relief shipments of this commodity were not separately reported by the or in kind.

Bulgur wheat 281,171,000 lbs. and rolled wheat 83,422,000 $\frac{6}{b^3}$ Bulgur wheat 44,330,000 lbs. and rolled wheat 4,112,000 lbs. under Title II.

The excess of the Government program portion over total agricultural exports may be attributed to lags in reporting or to differences Breakdown between the two oils is estimated. in classification procedures.

8/ Reported as soybean and cottonseed oil. 9/ Not available. 10/ Net adjustment from a previous period.

Table 8.--U.S. agricultural exports under specified Government-financed programs, exports outside specified Government-financed programs, and total agricultural exports: Value by country of destination, calendar year 1965

	,						J		
	1011	. TT 0 F4 500 - T 0 F4 500	Fublic Law 480	780	The transfer	.P.L. 87-195:	Total	Total	
	T D T O T T	ידר בדיידו	TOTOTT	77	AT ATATT	sec. 402	agricultural	Sec. 402 : agricultural: agricultural:	
Country	Sales	Famine	Fores on	•• •	Sunnly and	sales ior :	exports	exports :	: Total .acricultural
7	foreign	and other donations:		Barter : 2/	dollar	currency, :			exports
	currency	relief		il .	credit	: and econo -: Government: mic aid 3/: programs		: Government : programs 4/:	
					Thousand dollars -	dollars			
North America								010 600	610 600
Greenland						1 1	1 1	612,622	613,636
Miquelon and St. Pierre Islands:		1	8 9						17
Total			-		1	1		619,716	619,716
Latin American Republics and Canal Zone									
Argentina			1	5,066	-	120	5,186		
Bolivia	6,549		434	342	525	1,077	9,054	1,157	10,211
Brazil		ຕົ	12,652	15,950		269	46,367		
Canal Zone			1 8	1 0		1 0	1 7		
	5,015	Ι,	111,1	5,252	833	1,0/3	10,150	11,202	
COTOIIIOTE	2,458	25	0,010	10,055		001	18,377		612,273
equ _D		000	000	7			00261		0,124
Dominican Republic	1	2.317	3,004	1,190	1.618	707	8,836		
Ecuador	1	65	653	678	1,217		2,613	7,970	10,583
El Salwador		92	1,266	-	-	276	1,634		
Guatemala		-	508	1,622		-	2,130		
Haiti		1	721	1,447	-	15	2,183	7,523	9,706
Honduras			777	448	8 8	16	896		
Mexaco	-	866	637	5,513	!		7,148		
Nrcaragua		-	946	169			1,115		
Paragnar	1 0	!	310	/0+			1 169	15,533	
P. P. L. P. C. L. L. P. C. L.		1.774	1 446	6.173		142	9,535	24	
Uruguay			537	258	-	!	795		
Venezuela			3,930	246	1		4,176		75,909
Total Latin American	78 331	11 201	7.1 802	5/, 878	7 193	4 200	144 605	289.771	434.376
ייים מוומ סמוומד קסוום:	1	779677	17,005	200	2 4 6				
Other Latin America							8 8		
Barbados									
Bermuda	-	-	-	-	-	-			
British Guiana		-	182	86	-	-	268	3,413	3,681
British Honduras			137		-	-	137		
Falkland Islands			-	-	1		1		
								'	Continued

Table 8.--U.S. agricultural exports under specified Government-financed programs, exports outside specified Government-financed programs, and total agricultural exports: Value by country of destination, calendar year 1965

	Title I	ritle I: Title II:	Public Law 480 Title III	11	Title IV	.P.L. 87-195:	Total	.L. 37-195: Total : Total Sec. MO2 : sarricultural: sarricultural	
Country	Sales		Foreign :	Bartor	Long-term supply and	sales for foreign	exports	exports: outside	: Total :agricultural
	6.3	emergency d	donations:	2/2	dollar credit sales	currency, and econo-	: specified : Government : programs	: specified : Government : programs 4/	: exports
Other Latin America (Continued)					Thousand dollars	dollars	1		
French Gulana	!	-	1 3	1	-	-			
French West Indies			63	1 1	-	-	63	1,880	
Leeward and Windward Islands		†× ¦	1,316	1,31/	1 1		2,717		
Netherlands Antilles	!	-	1 1						
Surinam	!	22	95	2	-				8 3,127
Irinidad and lobago		106	2,074	1,405		2,749	2,833	69,135	
Total Latin America	28,331	11,307	43,876	56,283	4,193	6,949	150,939	8	6 509,845
Europe									
Albania		-	-	1	-				
Austria	!	1 1	1		-	1		14,	14,
AZOTES	!	1	-	401	-	-	401		
Bulgamia and Luxembourg		1	1			!	1 1	ī	ĭ
Connis	1		1 0	1 "		1		.7	2,
Czechoslovakia			61	7			00		
Denmark								83,005	5 83.005
Estonia		-	-	-	-	-	-		
Finland		1	-	3,774	-	-	3,774		
	-	1	17	-	-	-	17		
	-		-	1					
Gibrelter		1 1	1	4,539			4,539	428,980	0 433,519
	2 393	74	3,196	3.884	13.314		22.861		
Hungary								8,006	8,006
Iceland	800	-	1	20	1,067	7	1,894		
Ireland	!	-	-	2,073			2,073		
Tattle Trieste)	1	-	5,590	31	-		5,621		. 4
T 4 throat o		1	-					-	1
Malta and Gozo	1 1		377				777	202	7 88/
Metherlands			2 1	1 502			1 502		
Morway		!	!	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
Poland and Danzig	546	-	5,391	1,643	-	-	7,580		
Fortugal	-		2,227	6,084			8,311		
Rumania			1	1 1	-				8 2,378
								i	-Continued

		11.	Public Law 480	780	VT 9 F + 7m	.P.L. 87-195:	Total	Total : Total :	
••	Title 1	TITTE II:	Tarre T	17	TITTE IV		agricultural	agriculoural.	6
Country	Sales	Famine	Forejøn:		Long-term supply and	sales for : foreign :	exports	exports :	: Total
6121000	for foreign currency	and other emergency relief	donations:	Barter 2/	dollar credit	currency, : and econo-: mic aid 3/:	specified Government	- t -	exports
D. w					and	dollars	G val		
			600 7	1 206			8 170	148 516	156 695
Standon			00000	1,290			1,730	40.092	41.822
Own dellers on the contract of				1,130	1 1		2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	60,726	60,726
The contract of the contract o	16	1 705	3 174			3,029	24.071	6,042	30,113
		1 1		11,545			11,545	386,503	398,048
Union of Soviet Socialist :									
Republics	1	1	1 1	1 0		1	1 0	29,267	29,267
Yugoslavia			4,605	4,843	76,780	1	86,228	16,803	103,031
Total Europe	19,902	1,779	31,539	43,366	91,161	3,036	190,783	2,419,591	2,610,374
α « « « « « « « « « « « « « « « « « « «									
Adem	-	-	15				15	1,644	1,659
Afghanistan	278	5/7,588	168	∞	1	1	8,043	$\frac{6}{1}$	6,122
Arabia Peninsula States, n.e.c:		_ 195	27			1	222	814	1,036
Bahrain	-	1	1	1		!	1	1,179	1,179
Buttug	-	1	205	1/		1	205	99-/9	139
Cambodia	1	24	4		-	1 1	28	419	447
Ceylon	-	248	2,876	-		!	3,124	766	4,118
China	-	-	-	-	1 1	1	1		
Gaza Strip	1	1 1 1	267	-	1 1 1	1 1	267	6/-251	16
Goa, Damao, and Diu		-	1	-		1 1	-	1	-
Hong Kong	-	275	1,481	949	1	1	2,401	48,829	51,230
India	429,440	818	16,990	12,530	-	75	459,832	22,613	482,445
Indonesia	. !	8/-960	1,229	-	-	1 1	269	1,375	1,644
Iran	1,544	902	1,405	1 1	8,553	6	12,413	30,806	43,219
Iraq	-	220	83	191	09	1 1 1	524	2,524	3,048
Israel	32,486	267	390	11,344	-	18	44,505	39,238	83,743
Japan	-	1		10,732		-	10,732	865,507	876,239
Jordan	1	480	1,107	0 7		c	1,630	7,888	9,518
Korea, North	1	1	!		1 1 1	1		-	-
Korea, Republic	42,651	17,011	8,068	5,777	-	3,152	76,659	19,165	95,824
Kuwait	-			1	1 1	1	-	6,567	6,567
Laos	-	18	218			421	657	379	1,036
Lebanon	1	238	92	1	1 1 1	-	330	17,096	17,426
Macao	-	1	338	-	!	1	338	$\frac{6}{-91}$	247
Malaysia	-	1 1	868	366	-	1 1	1,234	13,596	14,830
Mongolia, Outer	-	1	!	-	!	-	-	!	
Nansei and Nanpo Islands, n.e.c:	-	-	1,741	117	2,601	-	4,459	19,388	23,847
Nepal		99	1 0	1 1	1	1 0	99	77 700	001 071
Faklstan	107,129	15,207	4,307	1	-	7-/8	170,041	13,400	140,129

Table 8.--U.S. agricultural exports under specified Government-financed programs, exports outside specified Government-financed programs, and total agricultural exports: Value by country of destination, calendar year 1965

	Title I	Title II:	Public Law 480 Title III	11 E	Title IV	P.L. 87-195:	Total agricultural	s: Total : Total :	
Country	Sales for foreign currency		Foreign : donations:	Barter 2/	م ہے ا		exports under specified Government programs	exports cutside specified Government programs L/	Total agricultural exports
					g	1			
Asia (Continued) Philippines	660 6	337	6.642	6.247	İ	İ	22 325		
Saudi ArabiaSouthern and Southeastern Asia			,			1 1		20,170	20,120
η. Θ. С.	-	1	-	1	1	1	1 1		
Syrian Arab Republic	15 267		7 211	219	1000	-	1,316		
Thailand Formosa)	10,204	39	3,211	6/1/1	10,398		181	34,622	18 693
Viet-Nam.	56,498		3,494	22		1,419	65,858	8,931	
Total Asia	694,389		55,834	55,987	21,612	5,075	883,961	1,	2,126,547
Oceania									
Australia		-		1,042		-	1,042	(-)	(-)
Sritish Western Facilic Islands			246			1 1	246	859	1,105
New Culnea		-	-	1	-			507	
New Zealand and Western Samoa		-	-	1		1		6,721	6,721
Trust Territory of the Pacific									
Tslands			2776	1000			1000	1,646	1,646
Total Oceania			740	1,042	1		1,200		
Africa									
Algeria	1	1,245	3,446	-	-	7	7,698	5,777]
Angola		-		30		-	30	1,890	
British West Africa	1	1 0	118	1 1	-	1	118	6/-10	108
Furndl and Kwanda		977	127	1			353	0/-100	
Canary Islands			1 1	4,164			4,164	3,755	7,919
Central African Republic			7	-	1	1	16		
Congo (Leopoldville)	17,908	097	1,669	179	-	8/-16	20,500		25,215
Ethlopia	1		300	784	!		1,084		
Gabon	1	-	3				E :		
chana			77.5	183	-		1,103	7	
Cuinea	7,367		m !		1 1 1	111	8,213		9,202
Ivory Coast		1 -	15	1 0	9/6	1	166		
TAN TAN		/ 4 4	200	7 / 7 /	5,049		0,70		
I then			617	\ <u>-</u>			512	7,130	7, 303
Madeins Talanda								663	
								1	-Continued

Table 8 .--U.S. agricultural exports under specified Government-financed programs, exports Outside specified Government-financed programs, and total agricultural exports: Value by country of destination, calendar year 1965

Country	Sales for foreign currency	Title II: Famine and other emergency relief	Public Law Title I Foreign: donations:	111 111 Barter	Title IV Long-term supply and dollar credit sales	195 402 for for egn ncy ono-	Total agricultural exports under specified Government programs	agricultural agricultural: exports exports under outside specified specified Government Government programs \(\)	Total agricultural exports
					- Thousand	dollars			
Airica (continued)	-	-	822	-	!	1	822	347	1,169
Mannitana de Cometace de Comet	1 1	-	12	!	-	-	12	12	24
Many time and Dependencies	-	-	72	-	1	1	72	133	205
Morocco	16,385	3,110	6,116	9,034	=	8,651	43,296	6/-3,502	39,794
Mozambique	-		-	-	-	!	!	309	309
Netranski	-	1 1	844	-	-	-	845	8,473	9,318
Spane	-	35	965	1,259	-	!	2,259	2,451	4,710
Souchelles and Dependencies	-	1	04	-	-	-	04	6/-16	24
Sterra Leone	-	-	778	33	225	!	1,036	1,789	2,825
Somali Republic		917	227	-	-	!	1,144	6/-113	1,031
Someliland French	-	-	72	-	-	-	72	184	256
South Africa. Republic of	1	329	57	1	-	-	386	25,038	25,424
Spanish Africa, n.e. C.	i	1	-	-	!	-	1	185	185
Sudan.	6,131	508	25	934	-	1	7,599	754	8,353
Tanzania	1	315	1,129	-	-	-	1,444	1,153	2,597
080	-	-	123	1	-	1	123	319	7442
Tunisla	12,610	11,859	1,245	236	-	1,609	27,559	6/-4,595	22,964
Ilyanda	-	95	79	-	1	-	174	342	210
United Arab Republic (Egypt)	63,203	324	8,347	8,047	-	-	79,921	17,318	97,239
Western Africa, n.e.c.	-	1,096	504	-	-	!	1,600	6/=13	1,58/
Western Portuguese Africa, n.e.c.:	-	-	-	-		1	1	188	188
Zambia, Southern Rhodesia, and :			,				110	0 030	2 17.2
Malawi	1	72	38	-	!		110	2,032	11467
Unidentified Africa	-	1	!	-	1	17	17	17-	
Total Africa	123,604	21,558	28,740	25,601	6,250	11,051	216,804	93,179	309,983
: Country of destination not reported:	1	9/8,567		İ			8,567	-8,567	
	966 226	9/, 275	160 235	182.279	123.216	26,111	1,452,342	4,776,295	6,228,637
TOTAL ALL COMMUTTED	27,000							K	

Foreign donations are authorized under Sec. 416 of the Agricultural Act of 1949 and Sec. 302, Title III, P.L. 480.
The barter program is authorized under the Charter Act of the Commodity Credit Corporation; Sec. 303, Title III, P.L. 480; and other

apparent excess of Government-financed exports over total exports may be due to lags in reporting, differences in valuation procedures, or the recording of the export as destined for the country through which transshipment was made. $\frac{1}{2}$ Less than \$500. $\frac{8}{8}$ Net adjustment for a 1/ Foreign donations are authorized under the Charter Act of the Commodity Credit Corporation; Sec. 303, Title Lil, F.D. 400, 185/1810 at the barter program is authorized under the Charter Act of the Commodity Credit Corporation; Sec. 303, Title Lil, F.D. 400, 185/1810 at the Commodition to unassisted a series of specified Government-financed programs.

1/ "Total agricultural exports outside specified Governmental assistance in the form of (1) extension of credit for relatively commercial transactions, shipments of some commodities with governmental assistance in the form of (1) export payments in cash or in kind. 5/ The Title II value shown for Pakistan include \$2,664,000 for wheat consigned to Pakistan for transshipment to Afghanistan. 6/ The 9/ Donations through the United Nations Relief and Works Agency (UNRWA) for the relief of the Palestine refugees. previous period.